

Meat Messaging message flow overview

1. An establishment creates 3 kinds of DESADV messages:
 - a. eMTC – message used to move export eligible product from one establishment to another establishment.
 - b. Export – message used to move export eligible product from an establishment to an export location with a health certificate
 - c. Domestic – message used to domestic export eligible product from an establishment.
2. An establishment can create a DESADV message in 3 possible ways:
 - a. Logging into the meat messaging web site and manually:
 - i. Completing all the message details and uploading a scan file for each group of carton.
 - ii. Completing all the message details and uploading a group scan file (.CSV or .txt) that contains the groups and the cartons.
 - iii. Manually uploading a DESADV message (.DSV file).
 - b. Email of a DESADV file to a meat message email address. The message is picked up and processed in meat messaging.
 - c. Web service where a data file (XML) is uploaded with required data. The web service can be used multiple times to update and read the status of a specific message.
3. The establishment can update the message until the message is sent.
4. Once a message is sent (the Message status element is set to “SENT”) the recipients are sent an email notification stating that they have received a message. Once sent no element of the message can be altered, except the “Port/Place of discharge”. The receiver of the product has 3 possible ways to respond:
 - a. Logging into the meat message web site and manually completing the receipt details along with manually uploading a scan file.
 - b. Emailing a receipt message (.RCV file) to meat messaging email address. The message is picked up and process in meat messaging.
 - c. Web services where a data file is uploaded with the required data.
5. Once a message is receipted in meat messaging the status is changed to “RECEIPT”. If the originator of the message created the message with a emailed DESADV file a receipt file (.RCV file) is emailed to the originator of the message. If the originator created the message manually or through web services an email is sent to the originator with the results of the receipt process.